

The Topeka State Journal.

10 CENTS A WEEK.

TOPEKA, KANSAS, TUESDAY EVENING, MARCH 20, 1894.

TWENTY-SECOND YEAR.

IN A PANIC.

Farmers Along the Proposed Line of March

of J. S. Coxey's "Army of the Commonwealth."

GOV. M'KINLEY TALKS.

Says There is No Cause for Alarm in Ohio.

He Will Do His Duty at the Proper Time.

MARSHALL, O., March 20.—Meetings in the interest of Commander Coxey's industrial army that is to start its march to Washington next Sunday will be held this evening. The headquarters of the army in Marshall were moved to Taylor Clay's big building today. Mr. Clay is one of the most prominent citizens of the town, and is thoroughly impressed with the importance of Commander Coxey's movement. Cornetist Thayer of Canton, will lead the band which is to accompany the crusade.

There is grave apprehension that the army will meet with trouble in Pennsylvania. The column will move through one of the most depressed industrial districts in the state and it is firmly believed that the army will be joined by thousands of like men before it reaches Pittsburgh.

The mayor of Beaver Falls, a town through which the army is scheduled to pass, has publicly declared that he will stop the column the instant it swings into his territory. He argues that the army will be nothing more or less than a band of vagabonds without discipline or conscience. To bring such an army into Beaver Falls, he says, would be the crowning infamy of a town which has been pacified for a year or more by industrial conflicts.

On the other hand the village of Economy, a rich communistic community through which the army is to pass after leaving Beaver Falls, has offered to feed and shelter the communists for a day. The offer comes from one of the wealthiest men of the town, and is endorsed by a dozen of citizens.

It is the belief of men who look upon the pilgrims in a conservative way that the army will be so unwieldy after it enters Pennsylvania that it will slip away from the control of Commander Coxey and become a noisy pattering mob, provoking upon the houses and smokehouses of farmers, and inviting and eventually receiving a stern reception from the troops of the state.

Commander Coxey decides that the army will pass through Beaver Falls, notwithstanding the threat of the mayor. The apprehension of the people living along the line of march is becoming more intensified as Easter Sunday draws near. In some places the year amounts almost to a panic. A corps of police officers from Indiana will be on hand on Friday to watch the column as far as that city. There are reports, too, of clubs being organized for the protection of property and the preservation of the women and children who are jeopardized by the communists.

GOV. M'KINLEY INTERVIEWED.
He Says He is Not Alarmed at the Movement.

COLUMBUS, O., March 20.—Governor McKinley was asked today what he proposed to do about the Coxey "On to Washington" movement.

"Enough," said Mr. McKinley, "I do not know him personally, but I hear him highly spoken of by his neighbors. I have not read any of his literature, and what information I have received about his proposed march to Washington I have obtained from the newspapers."

"Have you received any appeals for help from Marshall?" was asked.

"No, I have not. Nobody has ever written me a letter on the subject. Several Marshall gentlemen were here a few days ago, but they did not refer to the Coxey army. I have heard no fears expressed by anybody. I was in Marshall last Sunday to attend the funeral of a friend. I did not notice any excitement there, or the presence of strangers. From what I understand at present there is only one recruit. Really I do not believe there is the least cause for alarm. Surely you do not think that a large number of men will gather and march to Washington? The country could not support them. Besides I can't see what they could accomplish in Washington if they got there. The whole thing is too visionary."

"But suppose a good-sized crowd of men should collect and begin the march. If that turned out to be marauders what would you do?"

"That is different. If such an emergency arose I would meet it promptly. A governor must do his duty."

HINSHAW NAMED.

An Emporia Man is Appointed to W. T. Yoos' Place.

Governor Lewelling today appointed N. M. Hinshaw of Emporia, Lyon county, a member of the state board of charities to succeed W. T. Yoos of Independence, the last Republican member on the board whose term will expire April 1st.

Walter N. Allen has already been appointed to succeed H. R. Kelly, who retires at the same time.

Sat in the Same Seat.
Governor Lewelling came back from his home at Wichita yesterday afternoon, and all the way from Emporia to Topeka he occupied a seat with Chairman J. M. Simpson of the Republican state central committee. What they talked about is of course "a state secret."

Borghs Dying.

TOPEKA, March 20.—Louis Kosuth, the Hungarian patriot, is pronounced to be slowly dying.

NEAL DOW ON PROHIBITION

No Tendency to Repeal the Law in Maine, He Says.

LONDON, March 20.—England is also celebrating today the 90th birthday of Gen. Neal Dow, the great American temperance advocate.

At Exeter hall, this city, there will be an immense meeting tonight in honor of the veteran temperance agitator. Lady Henry Somerset will preside, and Miss Frances E. Willard, Sir Wilfred Lawson, Rev. Hugh Price Hughes, Mrs. Ormiston-Chapman and others have signed a cable message, which the Associated Press has been requested to forward to Gen. Neal Dow, to be read at the celebration which is to take place today, at the city hall, Portland, Me.

During the course of the meeting a letter from Gen. Dow to Miss Frances E. Willard, dated Portland, Me., January 5, 1894, will be read. In this letter the general says there is no tendency in the state of Maine to repeal the prohibitory law, and he adds: "I think that a successful attempt will be made in the legislature this winter to pass a resolution submitting a proposal to admit women to the franchise on equal terms with men."

STALWARTS MEET.

Democratic Executive Committee Decides on a Course of Action.

The executive committee of the Stalwart Democratic state central committee at its meeting held this afternoon at the Copeland decided not to call a convention but to adjourn until Tuesday, July 3d, the day set for the convention called by the Jones committee.

If that convention nominates a straight Democratic ticket, this committee will endorse their action, but if the Populist ticket is endorsed or renominated, the Stalwarts will then call a convention to nominate a straight Democratic ticket.

DYNAMITE IN CHICAGO.

Drexel Pier in Lincoln Park Destroyed by an Explosion.

CHICAGO, March 20.—The police received word today that the Drexel pier across the right of way claimed by the Lincoln Park commissioners had been destroyed by dynamite.

The explosion wrecked the pier and the responsibility is apparently laid to the Lincoln Park Board of commissioners.

News of the destruction of the pier caused injunction proceedings pending in court today to be hastily adjourned.

MUST ELEVATE TRACKS.

Chicago Council Passes Ordinance Compelling Railroads to Raise Tracks.

CHICAGO, March 20.—By the decisive vote of 57 to 11, the city council passed the first effective ordinance for track elevation. The Lake Shore and the Rock Island roads are ordered to elevate their tracks from Sixteenth street to State and Sixty-seventh on the former, and Stewart and Sixty-second and Seventy-second on the latter.

The work, including the necessary changes in sewers and water mains, the paving, sidewalk, lighting and drainage of the subways and the approaches is to be done at the cost of the two roads. Any land damages arising from the change of the grade are to be borne by the city.

The work is to be begun by August next and is to proceed at the rate of at least one and a half miles a year. It is understood that the two roads affected will accept the ordinance.

VOICE FROM NEW YORK.

Boycotting Groves to Be Sure to Vote the Seigniorage Bill.

NEW YORK, March 20.—The chamber of commerce today adopted a resolution urging President Cleveland to withhold his signature from the seigniorage coinage bill.

A committee of fourteen representing the chamber will present the resolution to the president tomorrow. This committee consists of A. E. Orr, Braxton Ives, H. W. Cannon, H. W. Morris, Geo. W. Wilson, Louis Windham, Edward O. Leach, Hugh N. Kent, Charles S. Smith, John C. Brown, W. W. Sherman, J. E. Edward Simmon, Solon Bumphreys and Henry Heath.

MINE OWNERS CONFER.

Cripple Creek Case in the Courts—Danger of Withdrawing the Militia.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Colo., March 20.—A secret conference of mine owners has been held at which the situation at Cripple Creek was thoroughly discussed. They are determined to adhere to the original schedule of nine hours at \$3, and will have nothing to do with a compromise.

The mine owners have memorialized the governor asking that the troops be retained to protect life and property.

Troops Start Home.

CRIPPLE CREEK, Colo., March 20.—Camp was struck at 7 o'clock this morning, and at 8:45 the troops left for Midland, where they will take a special train for home. It is generally anticipated that there will be no serious trouble yet.

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The medical college commencement will take place at Literary hall Wednesday evening, March 28th.

LAUNCHED AT LAST.

Tariff Bill is Reported to the Senate Today.

Its Consideration is to Begin on April 2.

FEW CHANGES MADE.

Sugar, However, is Favorably Fixed Up.

Tariff Raised or Lowered to Humor Kickers.

WASHINGTON, March 20.—The Democratic members of the finance committee have completed consideration of the tariff bill, and in its revised and completed form, it was submitted to the full committee, Republicans and Democrats to-

nites be amended so as to read as follows:

"Section 2884.—The secretary of the treasury is hereby authorized, except as specifically provided in this act, upon production of satisfactory proof to him of the actual injury or destruction in whole or in part of any merchandise from any cause whatsoever, while the same remains in the custody of the officers of the customs in any public or private warehouse under bond, or in the appraiser's stores undergoing appeal in pursuance of law, or regulations of the treasury department, or while in transportation under bond from the port of entry to any other port in the United States, or, while in the custody of offices of the customs and not in bond, or while within the limits of any port of entry, and before the same have been landed under the supervision of the officers of the customs, to abate or refund, as the case may be, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, the amount of import duties paid or accruing thereon and likewise to cancel any warehouse bond, or bonds, or enter satisfaction thereon on whole or in part, as the case may be."

The Hawaiian treaty is left in full force and effect.

IN THE SENATE.

The Tariff Bill Comes Before that Body at Last.

WASHINGTON, March 20.—After the session was called to order at noon today Mr. Voorhees chairman of the finance committee reported from the committee the tariff bill, introducing it in a few words.

When he had read it by title, Mr. Voorhees rose and said: "I ask this bill be printed and placed on the calendar and I give notice that on the 2nd of April, a week from next Monday, I will call up the bill for consideration by this senate."

Mr. Morrill, one of the Republican members of the finance committee, said he had no objection to the bill being reported to the senate, but he was opposed to the change from specific to advalorem duties.

Mr. Manderson (Rep., Neb.) inquired whether there was to be a written report accompanying the bill.

"There is not," said Mr. Voorhees, emphatically.

"Will there be any statement?" asked Mr. Manderson.

"There will be when the bill is called up," replied Mr. Voorhees.

TO VETO SINGLE ITEMS.

Constitutional Amendment Proposed to Give the President that Power.

WASHINGTON, March 20.—The question of amending the constitution of the United States so as to give the president the right to veto items of appropriation bills has long been one that many members of congress have given considerable thought to. It is well known that the chief executive finds provisions in these bills that are objectionable to him, yet rather than sacrifice the numerous items which would result from a veto, he signs the bills and they become laws as it stands.

Frances efforts have been made in previous congresses to remedy this unsatisfactory condition of affairs and in this congress similar attempts will be made.

Representative De Armond of Missouri has introduced in the house a resolution amending the constitution so as to empower the president to veto one or more items of an appropriation bill. Speaking to a reporter today, Mr. De Armond said: "It has become quite the fashion of late years to load down appropriation bills with all kinds of riders. Of course the great appropriation bills must be passed as they stand."

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"Great inconvenience, even hardship, may result from a veto, and yet the bill may contain items which have not in fact and ought not to have the presidential approval. With the constitution amended as suggested, the president would feel much easier in his mind in making his veto.

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THE TIDE OF DIVORCES.

It Continues Unabated in Judge Hazen's Court Today.

Col. Allen Sells' condition remains very serious, although the attending physician, Dr. Menninger, said this afternoon that he was somewhat improved when he called to see him this morning. At Chestnut Street this afternoon, it was said Col. Sell's condition was about the same it has been for several days. He is a very sick man.

The following cases were filed in the district court today and Judge Hazen has devoted most of the day to the trial of the Garter divorce case.

One of the cases filed was that of Lizzie Burvender vs. William Burvender, desertion being the cause. The petitioner wants her maiden name, Lizzie Washington, restored.

The other case filed was that of Josie Carter who is suing Sidney Carter for a legal separation for abandonment. This couple was married June 21st, 1890, by Justice J. H. Maricle in Soldier township and according to Mrs. Carter's statement she was "deserted on her wedding day by her husband. She wants her maiden name, Josie Wade.

They Swear Too Loud.

Ambrose Gordog, who lives in the settlement north of Sharpe, was arrested last night on a warrant from Justice Chesney for disturbing the peace of the widow and her daughter who live in the house next door. She says Gordog and his room-mate, who has not been captured, swear and make so much noise at night that they can't sleep.

Sections 18 and 19 of the McKinley law are repealed specifically.

The sections provide that the president of the United States and foreign governments under the provisions of said section, shall give such notice to the authorities of said foreign governments as may be required by the terms of such agreements or arrangements.

All agreements, or arrangements made or proclaimed between the United States and foreign governments under the provisions of said section, are hereby abrogated.

The following provisions which was in the Wilson bill and remained in the senate sub-committee's bill, when first reported, has been struck out, leaving the present law to remain in force.

That section 2884 of the revised stat-

WAS VERY TENDER.

Miss Pollard Signed Herself "Yours With Love."

When She Wanted Money from Mr. Rhodes.

HER LETTERS READ.

Madeline Wanted "That Forty Dollars" Badly,

And Asked Rhodes to Get It at Once.

THEY CAN'T AGREE.